MORE THAN JUST A MAINBOARD

The *AZZA* 366 Mainboard Series

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Create High Quality
Service and Technology

AZZA ®

366 Mainboard

SOCKET A DDR ATX Mainboard

366X-AC
366X—AS
366X—AD

Version 1.x
UM-366XASD-E1
Rev 1.0V
Creation Date: 26 July 2001

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Package Checklist

This package contains the following items:

- Mainboard
- Users manual
- One IDE cable
- One 34-pin floppy disk drive cable
- One Driver Utility CD

If any of these items are damaged or missing, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

Technical Support

If you require additional information or assistance during installation please contact your dealer. Your dealer will be able to provide the latest information.

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Chapter 1 - Introduction

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LINE-IN
MIC-IN

Introduction

1.1. Overview

1.1.1. 366X Series

There are two models in this series.
1. 366X - AC
2. 366X - AS
3. 366X - AD

1.1.2. Mainboard Dimensions

Width	305 mm
Length	220 mm

1.1.3. Environmental Limitations

Operating Temperature:	10°C to 40°C (50°F to 104°F)
Required Airflow:	50 linear feet per minute across the CPU
Storage Temperature:	-40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)
Humidity:	0 to 90% non-condensing
Altitude:	0 to 10 000 feet

1.2. Features and Specifications

Processor

Socket A-based AMD Athlon^{TM} and Duron^{TM} processors are supported by these mainboards.

Chipset

The 366X series supports VIA VT8366 and VT8233 chipsets.

I/O Chipset

For hardware monitoring: Winbond W83697HF (On the 366X-AS and 366X-AD models)
Or for a Smart Card Reader: Winbond W83697SF (On the 366X - AC Model)

CPU Switching Voltage regulator

This mainboard is equipped with a switching voltage regulator that automatically detects a DC power supply from +1.10V to +1.85V.

CPU Vcore Select (optional for the 366X-AC)

You can use the system BIOS to select the CPU Vcore Voltage.

CPU Clock Ratio Selection (optional for the 366X-AC)

This mainboard comes with an onboard Dip Switch, **SW1**. **SW1** can be used to set the CPU clock ratio. **Note:** You can not change the CPU Clock Ratio on all CPU's. This function depends on the CPU you are using.

System Memory

The 366X mainboard series uses Double Data Rate Dual Inline Memory Modules (DDR DIMM). Each mainboard has three 184-pin DIMM sockets. These sockets support 2.5V (power level) single-sided or double sided PC-1600 or PC-2100 DDR DIMM modules The maximum memory supported by these mainboards is 3 GB.

Expansion Slots

These mainboards are equipped with five dedicated PCI slots, one CNR slot (**optional for 366X-AC**), which is shared with PCI 5, and one 4x AGP slot.

Onboard Audio Features

Supports Microsoft DirectSound/ DirectSound 3D and AC97 Full Duplex.

Word Size

- Data Path: 8-bit, 16-bit, 32-bit, 64-bit
- Address Path: 32-bit

Front Side Bus Frequency (FSB)

For a 200 MHz CPU the mainboard supports a 100 MHz FSB. For a 266 MHz CPU the mainboard supports a 133 MHz FSB.

BIOS

- Award BIOS, Windows 95/98 Plug and Play (PnP) compatible.
- Supports SCSI sequential boot-up.
- Flash EPROM for easy BIOS upgrades.
- Supports DMI 2.0 function

Desktop Management Interface (DMI)

The mainboard comes with DMI 2.0 built into the BIOS. The DMI utility in the BIOS will automatically record different information about your system configuration and store this information in the DMI pool, which is a part of the system board's Plug and Play BIOS. DMI, along with the appropriately networked software, is designed for easy inventory, maintenance and the simplified troubleshooting of computer systems.

WOL (Wake-On-LAN) Port

One WOL connector supports Wake-On-LAN functionality.

WOM (Wake-On-Modem) Port

One WOM connector supports Wake-On-Modem functionality.

USB Ports

The mainboard is equipped with 6 USB ports. USB allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals. USB 1 and USB 2 are external ports. They can be found on the PC 99 ATX connector. USB 3, USB 4, USB 5 and USB 6 are internal connectors that can be used to connect other USB devices. (Optional cable for four connectors is sold separately).

Connectors

- One connector for IrDA interface (**optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS**).
- Two IDE connectors.
- One floppy drive interface supports up to two 2.88MB floppy drives.
- One 20-pin ATX power supply connector.

- CPU and chassis fan connectors.
- One CD audio-in connector.
- One internal audio digital interface (S/PDIF) connector (**optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS**) .
- One system management bus (SMB) connector.
- Front Audio connector for use with a Front Utility Panel. (**optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS)**
- One Smart Card Reader (SCR) for use with a Smart Card Reader Kit. (**only available for the 366X-AC**)

ATX Double Deck Ports (PC 99 color-coded connectors)

- Two USB ports.
- Two external DB-9 serial port connector: **COM 1** and **COM 2** (UART).
- One SPP/ECP/EPP DB-25 parallel port.
- One mini-DIN-6 PS/2 mouse port.
- One mini-DIN-6 PS/2 keyboard port.
- One game/MIDI port.
- Three audio jacks: speak-out, line-in and mic-in.

PCI Bus Master IDE Controller

- Two PCI IDE interfaces support up to four IDE devices.
- Both models support ATA/33, ATA/66 and ATA100 hard drives.
- PIO Mode 3 and Mode 4 Enhanced IDE (data transfer rate up to 16.6MB/sec.).
- Bus mastering reduces CPU utilization during disk transfer.
- Supports ATAPI CD-ROM, LS-120 and ZIP.

IrDA Interface (**optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS**)

The mainboard is equipped with an IrDA connector for wireless connectivity between your computer and peripheral devices. It supports peripheral devices that meet the HPSIR or ASKIR standard.

Special Features for the 366X-AD Model
ALARM

The **ALARM** is an intelligent voice debugging device. It constantly examines the status of your system to determine if the system is operating correctly. If a device is incorrectly installed, not installed or damaged a voice announcement will be made. Devices which are supported by this alarm are: CPU, Memory, Video Card, FDD, HDD, Keyboard and Battery.

Surround Sound (AC-3 5.1 Channel)

This model supports surround sound. Speakers can be connected to MIC-IN, LINE-IN and SPK-OUT ports on the ATX audio port at the back of your computer. See the diagram on the following page.

Introduction

ATX Audio Port

Front Speaker

Woofer and Center Speaker

Rear Speaker

The surround sound feature should be used together with a Front Utility Panel. This panel brings the MIC-IN, LINE-IN and Earphones lines, together with some USB ports, to the front of the system. The Front Utility Panel can be connected to the internal Front Audio Connector. The Front Utility Panel is shown below.

The Front Utility Panel

MIC-IN   SPK–OUT   LINE-IN

1.3. System Health Monitor Functions
(optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS)

The mainboard is capable of monitoring the following health conditions of your system:
1. Processor temperature. It has an overheat alarm.
2. VCORE/3.3V/5V/12V/-12V voltages and failure alarm.
3. Processor and chassis fan speeds. It has a failure alarm for these fans.
4. Read back capability that displays temperature, voltage and fan speed.

1.3.1. Hardware Monitoring System Utility
The mainboard comes with the Hardware Monitoring System utility contained on the CD. It is capable of monitoring the system's hardware conditions such as the temperature of the processor, voltage, and the speed of both the CPU and chassis fans. You are allowed to manually set a range to the items being monitored. If the values are over or under the set range a warning message will automatically pop up. We recommend that you use the Default Settings, which are the ideal settings that will maintain the system in a good working condition.

Note: Only use this utility in Windows ® 95 or Windows ® 98 operating systems.

1.3.2.   Installation
To install this utility, please insert the CD into the CD-ROM drive. The auto run screen (Driver Utility) will automatically appear. Click the Hardware Monitoring button, choose the chipset, model number and the OS that is installed. Please refer to the CD "Readme" file for further installation instructions.

1.4. Intelligence

Dual Function Power Button
Depending on the setting in the Soft-Off By Power-Button field of the Power Management Setup, this switch allows the system to enter the Soft-Off or Suspend mode.

External Modem Ring-on (**optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS**)
The Modem Ring-on feature allows the system that is in the Suspend mode or Soft Power Off mode to wake-up/power-on to respond to incoming calls. This feature supports the external modem only.

RTC Timer to Power-on the System
The RTC installed on the system board allows your system to automatically power-on at a set date and time.

Wake-On-LAN Ready
The Wake-On-LAN function allows the network to remotely wake up a Soft Power Down (Soft-Off) PC. Your LAN card must support the remote wakeup function. The 5V SB power source of your power supply must be at least 720mA.
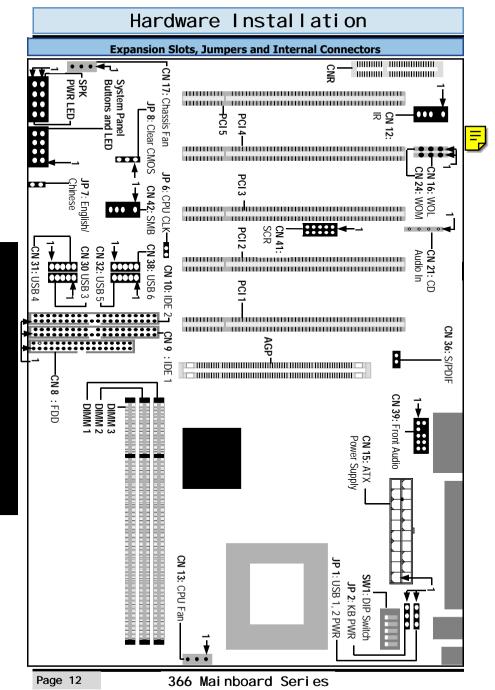
ACPI Ready
The mainboard is designed to meet the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) specification. ACPI has energy saving features that support OS Direct Power Management (OSPM) for round the clock PC operation.

Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation

Installation Checklist

Expansion Slots and Sockets

CPU Socket	Socket A support
DIMM Slots	Three 168-pin DDR DIMM slots that support up to 3 GB.
PCI slots	Five 32 bit PCI slots: PCI 1, PCI 2, PCI 3, PCI 4 and PCI 5
AGP 4x Slot	Supports 1x, 2x and 4x AGP video card
CNR Slot	Supports a specially designed audio, LAN and/or modem CNR card

Connectors

CN 1	PS/2 Keyboard connector	**K/B**
CN 2	PS/2 Mouse connector	**M/S**
CN 3, CN 4	Serial port connectors	**COM 1 , COM 2**
CN 5	Parallel Port connector	**LPT**
CN 6, CN 7	Universal Serial BUS connectors	**USB 1 , USB 2**
CN 8	Floppy Disk Drive connector	**FDD**
CN 9, CN 10	Primary/Secondary IDE connectors	**IDE 1, IDE 2**
CN 12	Infrared connector	**IR**
CN 13	CPU Fan connector	**CPU fan**
CN 15	ATX Power Supply	**ATX**
CN 16	Wake on LAN connector	**WOL**
CN 17	Chassis Fan connector	**Chassis Fan**
CN 18	Game/MIDI port connector	**Game**
CN 21	CD Audio In connector	**CD-IN**
CN 24	Wake On Modem	**WOM**
CN 30, CN 31, CN 32	Universal Serial BUS connectors	**USB 3,USB 4, USB 5**
CN 36	Sony Philips Digital Interface	**S/PDIF**
CN 38	Universal Serial BUS connector	**USB 6**
CN 39	Front Audio Connector	**FRONT AUDIO**
CN 41	Smart Card Reader Connector	**SCR**
CN 42	System Management Bus connector	**SMB**

System Panel Buttons and LED Connectors

PW	Power ON/OFF and suspend switch connector
SL	Standby LED connector
HL	HDD LED connector
RS	Reset button connector

Speaker and Power LED connector

SPK	Chassis Speaker connector
PWR-LED	Power LED Connector

Jumpers

JP 1	USB 1 and 2 Power
JP 2	Keyboard Power
JP 6	Selects the CPU clock speed
JP 7	Selects English or Chinese For Voice Warning Message
JP 8	Clear CMOS

Other

SW 1:	DIP Switch

Expansion Slots, Jumpers and Internal Connectors

Hardware Installation

Hardware Installation

2.2. Installation Steps

You need to complete the following installation steps before you can use your PC.

- **Check and Set the Mainboard Settings.**
- **Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU).**
- **Install the Memory Modules.**
- **Install the Expansion Cards.**
- **Connect the Ribbon Cables, Panel Wires and the Power Supply.**
- **Setup the system BIOS**

2.3. CPU, Memory and Expansion Slots

2.3.1. Installation of the CPU

To install your processor, please complete the following set of instructions
1. Locate a small dot marked on the top of the CPU. This mark indicates Pin 1 of the CPU.
2. Locate Pin 1 for the Socket on the mainboard.
3. There is a lever on the side of the socket. First push this lever sideways and then lift it to a 90-degree angle.
4. Insert the CPU into the Socket. Please make sure that Pin 1 for the CPU is inserted into Pin 1 of the Socket.
4. When the CPU is installed correctly push the lever back into place.
5. **Install a proper heat sink with cooling fan** for proper heat dissipation. Failing to install a heat sink with cooling fan may cause overheating which will burn-out your CPU and damage your mainboard.

2.3.2. Memory Modules

These mainboards all have three 184-pin DDR DIMM slots and are able to support a maximum memory of 3 GB. The DDR DIMM slots are located on the right hand side of the board. To install the DIMM's into these slots, make sure the white lever at each side of the slot has been pulled down to an angle of approximately 45°. Make sure that the DIMM is in the correct orientation. Place the DIMM on the slot and push down firmly.The white levers will come back up and lock the module in place.

Top View of a 184-pin DDR DIMM Slot

40 pins   52 pins

Important: The DIMM's can only be fitted into the slots in one orientation. Make sure that the DIMM's are in the correct orientation and the pins are correctly aligned before you insert them.

NOTE: "Out Of Memory" Error Message
If you have installed more than 512 MB of RAM and are running Microsoft Windows Millennium Edition, Windows 98 Second Edition, Windows 98 or Windows 95 you may experience memory problems. Two symptoms of these problems are being unable to run an MS-DOS session while you are running Windows or the computer may stop responding while Windows is starting.

There are three possible solutions to this problem:
1)   Reduce the amount of memory Vcache uses to 512 MB or less by altering the MaxFileCache setting in the System.ini file.
2)   Use the System Configuration Utility to reduce the amount of memory Windows uses to 512 MB or less.
3)   Reduce the memory installed on your computer to 512 MB or less.

This problem can also occur if you are using an Advanced Graphic Port (AGP) video adapter.

2.3.3. PCI Slots

These boards come with five PCI slots. They are located on the left hand side of the board. Both PCI and PCI expansion cards may require IRQ's. This mainboard complies with Plug and Play (PnP) specifications. Whenever a PnP compliant card is added the system will automatically be configured and the IRQ's will be assigned automatically.

When you are inserting your PCI card make sure that the pins are correctly aligned. When the pins are properly aligned with the hole's in the slot, push down gently.

Top view of a PCI slot

11 pins   49 pins

2.3.4. AGP (Accelerated Graphics Port) Slot

AGP is a dedicated bus slot. It operates at 66 MHz and transfers data at a rate up to 106 MB/s. This allows 3D applications to run more smoothly. The 366X mainboards each come with one AGP slot. These slots are able to support 1x, 2x and 4x AGP cards.

Top view of the AGP slot

66 pins

2.3.5. CNR (Communications Network Riser) Slot
(**optional for 366X-AC**)

These slots integrate audio, modem and networking on the same card. CNR specifications support the Audio Codec 97 (AC 97) interface, LAN interfaces, USB interfaces and System Management Bus (SMBus) interfaces (used specifically to provide Plug and Play functionality). Each 366X mainboard is equipped with a single CNR slot.

Top view of a CNR slot

11 pins   19 pins

2.4. Internal Connectors

2.4.1. Floppy Disk Drive (FDD)

Connector: CN 8
Type: 34 pin block

The FDD connector can support two Floppy drives. It is located at the front of the mainboard. To connect, use the ribbon-cable that has been provided. **Make sure** that the red strip is connected to **PIN 1** of the connector.

Top View of the Floppy Disk Drive Connector

PIN 1 →

17 pins

2.4.2. Primary and Secondary IDE connectors

Connector: CN 9 (primary)/ CN 10 (secondary)
Type: 40 pin blocks

The 366X mainboards all have two IDE connectors: a primary and secondary. Each IDE connector can support two IDE drives. These mainboards can therefore support up to four IDE devices each. If you install two hard drives, you need to configure the second drive to **slave** mode in the BIOS setup. Please refer to your hard drive manual for the appropriate jumper settings.

Top View of IDE 1 and IDE 2

PIN 1 → IDE 1

PIN 1 → IDE 2

20 pins

2.4.3. Standard Infrared Connector
(**optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS**)

Connector: CN 12
Type: 5 pin

The SIR connector supports an optional wireless transmitting and receiving module. You must configure UART 2 to select whether UART 2 is directed for use with COM 2 or IrDA.

Top view of IR-connector

No Connector — IR Receiver — Ground — IR Transmitter

5V DC

PIN 1 PIN 2 PIN 3 PIN 4 PIN 5

Front view of IR-connector

IR Receiver — Ground — IR Transmitter

5V DC →

2.4.4. CPU Fan and Chassis Fan Connector

Connector: CN 13 (CPU Fan)/CN 17 (Chassis Fan)
Type: 3 pin

The cooling fans must be connected to their respective power connectors. If you have installed the hardware-monitoring feature you will be able to monitor the rotating speed of the CPU cooling fan in your Windows operating system.

Top View of Fan Connector

+12V DC

Fan Signal → ← Ground

PIN 3 PIN 2 PIN 1

Front View of Fan Connector

+12V DC

Fan Signal → ← Ground

2.4.5. ATX Power Supply Connector

Connector: CN 15
Type: 20 pin block

This must be connected to an ATX power supply. The plug from the power supply can only be inserted in one orientation. Make sure the pins are correctly aligned. Find the correct orientation and push the plug down firmly.

Top View of the ATX Power Connector

PIN 1 →

10 pins

2.4.6. WOL (Wake On LAN) Connector and WOM (Wake On Modem) Connector

Connector: CN 16 (WOL)/CN 24(WOM)
Type: 3 pin

The WOL connector must be connected to a LAN card that has Wake-On-LAN (WOL) output. This connector powers up the system when a wakeup packet or signal is received through the LAN card.

The WOM connector must be connected to a Modem that has Wake-On-Modem (WOM) output. This connector powers up the system when a wakeup packet or signal is received from the Modem.

In order to use the WOL LAN card or the modem to trigger the power on the PC system, the switching power supply must have the ability to provide a driving current of at least 720 mA and be connected to a "5V standby" voltage.

Top View of WOL/WOM

Ground

WOL/WOM → → 5V_SB

PIN 3   PIN 2   PIN 1

Front View of WOL/WOM

Ground

WOL/WOM → ← 5V_SB

Hardware Installation

2.4.7. CD Audio-in Connector

Connector: CN 21
Type: 4 pin un-housed

This mainboard has one CD Audio-in connectors. This connector is used to connect the CD ROM audio out.

Top View Of CD Audio In Connector

Left Channel Audio In   Ground   Right Channel Audio In

PIN 1 PIN 2 PIN 3 PIN 4

Front View Of CD Audio In Connector

Left Channel Audio In   Ground   Right Channel Audio In

2.4.8. USB 3,USB 4, USB 5 and USB 6 connectors

Connector: CN 30 (USB 3)/CN 31 (USB 4)/CN 32 (USB 5)/CN 38 (USB 6)
Type: 5 pin / 5 pin/ 5 pin/ 5 pin

You already have two USB ports available, USB 1 and 2 (see external connectors). These connectors allow you to add on an optional kit to expand the total number of USB ports available. These connectors allow you to use an extra 4 USB devices.

Top View of a USB Port

Ground Data + Data -

Ground   5V DC

PIN 5 PIN 4 PIN 3 PIN 2 PIN 1

Front View of a USB port

Ground   Data +   Data -

Ground   5V DC

2.4.9. S/PDIF Connector (**optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS**)

Connector: CN 36
Type: 2 pin

The mainboard comes with an internal S/PDIF connector. S/PDIF is a digital interface that can be used to improve the quality of the sound output from your system. The diagram is on the following page.

Top View of S/PDIF Connecttor

S/PDIF data
input signal   Ground

PIN 1 →   ← PIN 2

Front View of S/PDIF Connecttor

S/PDIF data
input signal   ← Ground

2.4.10. Front Audio Connector (Optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS)

Connector: CN 39
Type: 10 pin

The front audio connector is another innovative development from AZZA. This connector is designed to be used with the Front-Utility Panel. The utility panel was developed so that a user is able to bring the speaker out, microphone in and line in connectors to the front of their PC. This makes things like plugging in speakers and earphones much less trouble-some.

Top View of the Front Audio In Connec-

PIN 2   PIN 4   PIN 6   PIN 8
MIC-IN   No Connector   LINE-IN LEFT   EARPHONE LEFT

                                                                    PIN 10
                                                                    Ground

PIN 1   PIN 3   PIN 5   PIN 7   PIN 9
Ground   MIC_RCH   LINE-IN   GROUND   EARPHONE RIGHT
                                         RIGHT

2.4.11. SCR Connector (Only available on the 366X-AC)

Connector: CN 41
Type: 10 pin

The smart card PCB is connected to the mainboard with a 10-pin ribbon cable.

Top View of the SCR Connector

PIN 7: SCRST   PIN 8: N/C   PIN 9: SCPSNT

PIN 6: Ground   PIN 10: SCPNST

PIN 1: +5V DC   PIN 5: SCCLK

PIN 2: SCPWR   PIN 3: SCC4   PIN 4: SCIO

2.4.12. SMB (System Management Bus) Connector

Connector: CN 42
Type: 4 pin

The SMB is a 2-wire specification which allows for communications between an external UPS or other power devices and a computer. Each 366X mainboard has a SMB connector onboard, which can be connected to other SMB devices .

2.5. System Panel Buttons and LED Connectors.

PW = Power on/off and Suspend switch connector.
SL = Standby LED connector
HL = HDD LED connector
RS = Reset button connector

Power On / Off and External Suspend Switch Connector

The Power On/Off connector has two functions. It can be the Power Switch or Suspend Switch of your PC system. You can either choose "**Delay 4 Sec or Instant OFF**" (Please refer to the Award BIOS setup instructions in Chapter 3).

Option 1: If you choose "**Delay 4 Sec.**" In the BIOS CMOS Setup, the function of "PW" will be:

    A.   When the system power is "OFF", press this switch, the system will power on.
    B.   When system power is "ON", you can select two different modes: -

Mode 1: Press and hold the Power ON button for less than 4 seconds and then release it. The system will be turned into Suspend mode (turned into the GREEN mode) When the system is in the Suspend mode:-
■   Press the Power on button (less than 4 seconds), the system will return to Full-ON mode.

■ Press and hold the Power On Button for more than 4 seconds, the system will be powered off.

Mode 2: Press and hold the Power ON button for more than 4 seconds, the system will be completely powered off.

Option 2: If you choose "**Instant OFF**." In the BIOS CMOS Setup, the power switch will operate like a normal ON / OFF Power button.

Standby LED Connector

When the AC power is "ON" the mainboard will always have a standby voltage of +5V and the Standby LED will **always** be on. If this LED is off it means that the AC power is "OFF" or has been disconnected.

IDE HDD LED Connector

Any read and write activity by the HDD will turn this LED on.

Reset Button Connector

If you connect this connector, you will be able to reset you computer by pressing the reset button at the front of the chassis.

2.6. Speaker and Power LED Connector

Top View of Speaker and Power LED Connec-

PIN 1: + 5V DC   PIN 2: No Connector   PIN 3: No Connector

Speaker

Power LED

PIN 4: Speaker Data Signal

PIN 4: No Connector

PIN 3: Ground

PIN 1: +5V DC   PIN 2: No Connector

Speaker Connector

Connect your speaker to the four pin connector. It allows you to hear system beeps and warning sounds.

Power LED Connector

The chassis Power LED connector can be connected to the four pin connector. When you turn your system on, this LED will also be turned on.

2.7. External Connectors

> Note: All the external connectors can be found at the back of the mainboard on an ATX connector shown below.

CN 5: LPT   CN18: Game/MIDI Port

CN 2: PS/2 MS

CN 7: USB 2

CN 1: PS/2 KB

CN 6: USB 1   CN 3: COM 1   CN 4: COM 2   SPK-OUT   LINE-IN   MIC-IN

2.7.1. PS/2 Keyboard connector.

Connector: CN 1
Type: 6 pin female

This connector only supports a PS/2 keyboard plug. If you have a standard AT size (large DIN) keyboard plug, you need to use a mini DIN adapter.

2.7.2. PS/2 Mouse connector.

Connector: CN 2
Type: 6 pin female.

This connector only supports a PS/2 mouse plug. If a PS/2 mouse is detected then IRQ 12 will be directed to **CN 2**.

2.7.3. Serial Port 1 (COM 1) and Serial Port 2 (COM 2)

Connector: CN 3 (COM 1)/ CN 4 (COM 2)
Type: 9 pin male/9 pin male

One serial port is available for a mouse and other serial devices.
(I/O addresses used are 3F8H/2F8H/3E8H/2E8H and IRQ3/IRQ4, selected by CMOS setup.)

2.7.4. Parallel Port Connector

Connector: CN 5
Type: 25 pin female.

This parallel port is used by printers which support the SPP, EPP and ECP modes IRQ7 or IRQ5 can be selected. The ECP mode will use either DMA 3 or DMA 1 (which can be selected by the BIOS setup program).

2.7.5. Universal Serial Bus (USB) Port 1 & 2

Connector:　　　CN 6 (USB 1)/ CN 7 (USB 2)
Type:　　　4 pin female

Two USB ports are available for connecting USB devices. The mainboard is also equipped with an expansion connector that supports two additional USB external connectors. (The USB cable is not included with the mainboard).

2.7.6. Audio/Game Port Connector

Connector:　　　CN 18
Type:　　　15 pin female

The Game/MIDI port connector is a dual purpose connector. It can either be used to connect a joystick to the computer for game participation, or it can be used to attach an external MIDI device. All these motherboards have 3D audio interfaces onboard.

2.8. Jumper Settings

Jumpers are built on the mainboard to allow the user flexibility to configure the mainboard settings to meet their specific requirements. The 366 mainboard series come with 5 jumpers, three 3-pin and two 2-pin jumpers. When there is no jumper cap inserted into the jumper it is called "OPEN." When a cap is inserted into the jumper it is known as a "SHORT." Below is an example of a short setting on a jumper.

Two Pin Jumper　　　**Three Pin Jumper**

OPEN　　　SHORT　　　PIN 1 and PIN 2: SHORT　　　PIN 2 and PIN 3: SHORT

2.8.1. JP1: USB 1 and USB 2 power
Type:　　　3 pin
Default:　　　Pin 1 and Pin 2 Short

This jumper allows you to select the voltage that is supplied to USB 1 and USB 2. You have two choices: 5 V (pin 1 and pin 2 short) or standby 5 V (pin 2 and pin 3 short). Some USB devices may not follow the standard USB power specifications. If you are using such a device it may unstable. If you do experience problems try to change the setting on JP 1. This might help solve this problem.

2.8.2. JP2: Keyboard Power
Type: 3 pin
Default: Pin 1 and Pin 2 Short

Some keyboards may not follow standard specifications. If you find you are having problems with your keyboard, change the settings on JP 2. This might help you to solve the problem.

2.8.3. JP6: CPU Clock
Type: 2 pin
Default: Open

This allows you to select the speed of your CPU. If you are using a 200 MHz CPU (with a 100 MHz FSB) on your mainboard then you need to SHORT JP 6. If you are using a 266 MHz CPU (with a 133 MHz FSB) you need to OPEN JP6.

2.8.4. JP7: Selects English or Chinese for Voice Warning Message
         (**optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS**)
Type: 2 pin
Default: Open

This motherboard has the ability to give voice warning messages during hardware debugging. If you leave it open (the default setting) you will receive English messages. If you short the jumper you will receive Chinese messages.

2.8.5. JP8: Clear CMOS Memory
Type: 3 pin
Default: Pin 1 and Pin 2 Short

If you have made an improper setting in the BIOS setup and your computer is not functioning, or if you have forgotten your password, you can use this jumper, JP 8, to clear the CMOS memory and to reconfigure your system.

To clear the CMOS, please follow these instructions:
1.   Turn the system power "OFF" and unplug your computer.
2.   Insert the jumper cap on Pin 2 and Pin 3 for 3 ~ 5 seconds.
3.   Pull out the jumper cap and replace it on Pin 1 and Pin 2.
5.   Turn your PC on and run the BIOS setup program

2.9. Switches: Clock Ratio Selection (optional for 366X-AC)

These mainboards are all fitted with a single switch, **SW1.** On this switch there are five toggle switches that you can select as **OFF** or **ON**. The default has all the toggle switches set to **OFF**. If you toggle any of these switches to **ON**, you will alter the processing speed of your CPU. The increase in the processing speed is a multiple of the original processing speed. The table on **page 25** shows the different combinations of the toggle switches and the multiple increase in the processing speed.

For example, if I set the switches in the following configuration (see diagram below):
SW 1: OFF
SW 2: ON
SW 3: OFF
SW 4: ON
SW 5: ON

The processing speed would be 5.5 times faster than the original CPU speed.

You do not need to change the switch settings from the default. If you retain the default settings your system will run smoothly.

Note: Changing the ratio of the CPU clock depends on the CPU you are using. To use this feature the L1 bridges on the top of the CPU must be closed. If they are left open you will not be able to over clock.

DIP Switch Settings

Ratio	Switch 1	Switch 2	Switch 3	Switch 4	Switch 5
Default	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
5 (14)	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON
5.5	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON
6	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
6.5	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
7	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON
7.5	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON
8	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
8.5	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
9	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
9.5	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
10	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
10.5	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
11	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON
11.5	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
12	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON
12.5 (13)	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON

Hardware Installation

Chapter 3: Managing The PC BIOS

3.1. Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility

Once you have installed the mainboard you still need to setup the BIOS before you can run your PC. The EEPROM on the mainboard stores the AWARD BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, which allows you to configure your system. When you want to configure or make any changes to the configuration of your system BIOS you must run the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility.

GETTING STARTED
Every time you start your computer, the system provides you with an opportunity to run the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility. As soon as you turn on your system, press the <Delete> button to activate the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility.

If your computer finishes the POST (Power-On-Self-Test) the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility will **not be** activated. If your computer completes the POST you need to restart the system to activate the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility. To restart the system, you can either turn the power off, press the reset button on your chassis or press the <Ctrl> + <Alt> + <Delete> button. In all three cases the system will restart and, to activate the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, you must immediately press the <Delete> button.

3.2   MAIN MENU

Once you have called up the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the following screen will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright（C）1984 - 2001 Award Software	
▶ Standard CMOS Features"	▶ Frequency/Voltage Control
▶ Advanced BIOS Features	Load Optimized Defaults
▶ Advanced Chipset Features	Set Supervisor Password
▶ Integrated Peripherals	Set User Password
▶ Power Management Setup	Save & Exit Setup
▶ PNP/PCI Configuration	Exit Without Saving
▶ PC Health Status	

```
ESC : Quit                    ←↑↓→ : Select Item
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
```

Time, Date, Hard Disk Type ...

Note! BIOS software is continuously updated therefore the BIOS menus and the descriptions that are given in this manual are for reference purposes only.

PC BIOS

Navigation Keys

You will notice a legend bar at the bottom of the main menu. The keys in this legend bar show you how to navigate through the setup menus. The table below lists the control keys with their corresponding functions: -

Control Key	Function
Up Arrow	Moves to the previous item.
Down Arrow	Moves to the next item.
Left Arrow	Moves to the item on the left.
Right Arrow	Moves to the item on the right.
Enter	Selects the desired item.
F1	Displays the help screen for the selected feature.
Esc key	Exits to the previous screen.
PgUp(-)/PgDn(+)	Modifies or changes the content of the highlighted item.
F5	Restores the previous CMOS values to the current page setup. This will not restore the previous values for any other pages.
F7	Loads the SETUP default values from BIOS default table, (only the current page setup will be loaded).
F10	Saves changes to the CMOS and exits the setup.

3.3. STANDARD CMOS SETUP
(The STANDARD CMOS SETUP menu is on **page 28**)

Date (mm : dd : yy)

Sets your system to the date that you specifiy (usually the current date). The format is month, day, and year. Press the right or left arrow key to move to the desired field (month, date, year). Press the PgUp or PgDn key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

Time (hh : mm : ss)

Sets your system to the time you specify (usually the current time). The format is hour, minute, second. The time format is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Press the right or left arrow key to move to the desired field. Press the PgUp or PgDn key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

IDE Primary / Secondary Master / Slave

This mainboard supports four IDE Hard Drives. These fields allow you to set your Hard Drive parameters. Move the selection bar to the IDE Hard Drive you want to configure. Press the "ENTER" key. If you select "AUTO" the system BIOS will detect the HDD type automatically.

PC BIOS

PC BIOS

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software
Standard CMOS Features

		Item Help
Date (mm : dd : yy)	Thu, Jun 21 2001	
Time (hh : mm : ss)	8 : 31 : 58	
		Menu Level ▸
▸ IDE Primary Master	[QUANTUM FIREBALL PKA]	
▸ IDE Primary Slave	[None]	Change the day, month,
▸ IDE Secondary Master	[None]	year and century
▸ IDE Secondary Slave	[None]	
Drive A	[1.44, 3.5 in.]	
Drive B	[None]	
Floppy 3 mode support	[Disabled]	
Video	[EGA/VGA]	
Halt On	[All Errors]	
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	130048K	
Total Memory	131072K	

Drive A /B

The 361 mainboard series can support up to two floppy disk drives. These two selection fields allow you to select the floppy drives that are installed on your computer. Select the correct specifications for the diskette drive(s) installed on your computer.

Diskette Drive		Type of Disk Drive	Capacity
None		No diskette drive installed	
360K	5.25 in	5-1/4 inch PC-type standard drive	360 KB
1.2M	5.25 in	5-1/4 inch AT-type high-density drive	1.2 MB
720K	3.50 in	3-1/2 inch single-sided drive	720 KB
1.44M	3.50 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive	1.44 MB
2.88M	3.50 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive	2.88 MB

Floppy 3 Mode Support

If you have installed a 3.5 inch high capacity floppy disk drive you need to enable this option. If you have not installed one of these drives use the default setting.

Video

This field selects the type of primary video subsystem that is on your computer. The BIOS CMOS Setup Utility will automatically detect the correct video type.

Monitors	
EGA/VGA	Enhanced Graphics Adapter/Video Graphics Array. For EGA, VGA , SEGA, SVGA or PGA monitor adapters
CGA 40	Color Graphics Adapter power up in 40 column mode
CGA 80	Color Graphics Adapter power up in 80 column mode
MONO	Monochrome adapter includes high resolution monochrome adapters

Halt On

This field allows you to decide which errors, detected during the Power On Self Test (POST), will halt the system.

Base Memory / Extended Memory / Total Memory

This field displays the amount of memory detected by the system during boot up. This is a display only field. You cannot make any changes to this field.

Base Memory: Indicates the memory installed below the conventional 1MB space.
Extended Memory: Indicates the memory installed above the 1MB space.
Total Memory: Indicates the total memory installed in the PC system.

3.4   ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES
(The ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES menu is on **page 30**)

Virus Warning

When you enable the virus warning you will receive a warning message whenever a program (specifically, a virus) attempts to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive. If you receive such a message you should immediately run an anti-virus program. Keep in mind that this feature **only** protects the boot sector and not the entire hard drive.

NOTE! Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus-warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we rec-

CPU Internal Cache / External Cache

Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). CPUs from 486-type up contain internal cache memory, and most, but not all, modern PCs have an additional (external) cache memory. When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory, for faster access by the CPU.

PC BIOS

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright（C）1984 – 2001 Award Software.
Advanced BIOS Features

		Item Help
Virus Warning	[Disabled]	**Menu Level** ▶
CPU Internal Cache	[Enabled]	
External Cache	[Enabled]	Allows you to choose
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking	[Enabled]	the VIRUS warning
Quick Power On Self Test	[Enabled]	feature for IDE Hard
First Boot Device	[Floppy]	disk boot sector
Second Boot Device	[HDD-0]	protection. If this
Third Boot Device	[LS120]	function is enabled
Boot Other Device	[Enabled]	and someone attempts to
Swap Floppy Drive	[Disabled]	write data into this
Boot Up Floppy Seek	[Enabled]	area, BIOS will show
Boot Up NumLock Status	[On]	a warning message on
Gate A20 Option	[Fast]	screen and alarm beep.
Typematic Rate Setting	[Disabled]	
X Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	6	
X Typematic Delay (Msec)	250	
Security Option	[Setup]	
OS Select For DRAM > 64 MB	[Non-OS2]	
HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability	[Disabled]	
Video BIOS Shadow	[Enabled]	

CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking

When you select Enabled, the ECC checking will ensure that the data stored on the L2 cache is accurate.

Quick Power On Self Test

If enabled the amount of time required to run the power-on self-test (POST) will decrease. A quick POST skips certain steps. We recommend that you disable quick POST. It is better to find a problem during POST than to lose data during your work.

First / Second / Third Boot Device

These fields allow you to decide the boot sequence of your bootable devices such as Floppy Drive, Hard Drive, CD ROM...etc

Boot Other Device

When this field is enabled you will be able Boot your computer from a another device, not your HDD or FDD.

Swap Floppy Drive

This field is effective only in systems with two floppy drives. When Enabled is selected physical drive B is assigned to logical drive A, and physical drive A is assigned to logical drive B.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

When enabled, the BIOS tests (seeks) floppy drives to determine whether they have 40 or 80 tracks. Only 360-KB floppy drives have 40 tracks; drives with 720 KB, 1.2 MB, and 1.44 MB capacity all have 80 tracks. Very few modern PCs have 40-track floppy drives so we therefore recommend that you set this field to Disabled to save time.

Boot Up NumLock Status

This controls the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. This field is toggled between On or Off. When it is on the numeric keypad generates numbers instead of controlling the cursor operations. When it is off the numeric keypad controls cursor operations and does not generate numbers.

Gate A20 Option

Gate A20 is a signal that gives the system access to addresses higher than A19. If you select Fast the chipset will control this signal. If you select normal a pin in the keyboard controller will control the signal.

Typematic Rate Setting

The keyboard controller determines the rate at which the keystrokes from the keyboard are repeated. If you enable this option then the typematic rate and the typematic delay can be selected.

Typematic Rate

This is the rate a character will repeat itself on the screen when you hold down a key.

Typematic Delay

This is the delay time (Msec) before the repetition of characters starts.

Security Option

This field allows you to select the "Setup" or "System" security option. It works concurrently with the " Set Supervisor Password" in the main menu.

When the "Setup" option is selected, you will be prompted to enter your "Password" before you can start the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility. When you select "System" option, you will be prompted to enter your password in order to load the Operating System.

PC BIOS

OS Select For DRAM > 64MB

Only select OS2 if you are running an OS/2 operating system with a RAM greater than 64 Mb. Otherwise, for all other operating systems, use the default setting "Non-OS2"

HDD S.M.A.R.T Capability

You may "enable" this option if your Hard Drive supports the S.M.A.R.T. technology (Self Monitoring Analysis Reporting Technology) feature. S.M.A.R.T. will monitor and report your Hard Drive health status. Ask your Hard Drive Vendor for further information.

Note! Using this feature may decrease system performance.

Video BIOS Shadow

These fields allow you to change the Video BIOS location from ROM to RAM. Information access is faster through RAM than ROM. Therefore when you enable this option you will enhance your system performance.

3.5. ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software Advanced Chipset Features		
▶ DRAM Clock/Drive Control	[Press Enter]	**Item Help**
▶ AGP & P2P Bridge Control	[Press Enter]	
▶ CPU & PCI Bus Control	[Press Enter]	**Menu Level ▶**
Memory Hole	[Disabled]	
System BIOS Cacheable	[Disabled]	
Video RAM Cacheable	[Disabled]	

Dram Clock Drive Control

This field allows you to select the FSB and DRAM frequency. When you press enter the on **page 33** will appear.

Current FSB Frequency
The setting for this field will be automatically selected by the BIOS. The value that the BIOS selects depends on the settings you have chosen for JP6. If you have a 100 MHz CPU but have and set JP6 to OPEN the BIOS will detect 133 MHz.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software DRAM Clock/Drive Control	
Current FSB Frequency 100 MHz	**Item Help**
Current DRAM Frequency 133 MHz	
DRAM Clock [By SPD]	**Menu Level** ▶ ▶
DRAM Timing [By SPD]	
X SDRAM Cycle Length 2.5	
X Bank Interleave Disabled	
X Precharge to Active (Trp) 3T	
X Active to Precharge (Tras) 6T	
X Active to CMD (Trcd) 3T	
DRAM Command Rate [2T Command]	

Current Dram Frequency
The setting for this field will be automatically detected by the BIOS. The value that is selected in derived from the RAM clock.

DRAM Clock
When you select **By SPD** The following menu will pop up:
100 MHz
133 MHz
By SPD

If you select **100 MHz** the DRAM clock speed will be PC1600 (100 MHz DDR). If you select **133 MHz**   the DRAM clock speed will be PC2100 (133 MHz DDR). If you select **By SPD** the BIOS will automatically detect the actual DRAM Clock.

DRAM Timing
This field determines the DRAM read/write timing. The performance parameters of the memory chips (DRAM) you have installed will determine the value in this field. Do not change the value from the factory setting unless you install new memory that has a different performance rating than the original DRAMs.

SDRAM Cycle Length
Before SDRAM can execute a read command that it receives, there is a delay time, which is measured in clock cycles (CLK). The lower the delay time the faster the execution of commands will be. It is therefore desirable to minimize this cycle length. Some memory modules are unable to deal with short delay times. We recommend that you set this delay time between 2.5 and 3 CLK's (the default is 2.5). If your system becomes unstable we recommend that you increase the delay time.

AGP & P2P Bridge Control

When you press enter the following screen will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software AGP & P2P Bridge Control		
AGP Aperture Size	[64M]	**Item Help**
AGP Mode	[2X]	**Menu Level** ▶ ▶
AGP Driving Control	[Auto]	
X AGP Driving Value	DA	
AGP Fast Write	[Disabled]	
AGP Master 1 WS Write	[Disabled]	
AGP Master 1 WS Read	[Disabled]	

AGP Aperture Size
This field selects the size of the Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) aperture. The aperture is a portion of the PCI memory address range dedicated for graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation. The default is 64MB. You may increase this memory when you need to have faster access for 3D graphics applications (e.g. games).

AGP Mode
This item allows you to select 1x, 2x or 4x AGP mode.

AGP Driving Control
The recommended setting for this field is the default "Auto". If you have an unstable AGP card you may use this field to choose the appropriate settings. If you do need to tune the timing, please consult your AGP Card manual or Vendor.

AGP Driving Value
This item allows you to adjust the AGP driving force.

AGP Fast Write
Some AGP cards, like G-Force, support AGP fast write. If you have an AGP card that supports this mode you can enable this field. If your AGP card does not support the fast write mode then leave this field "disabled".

AGP Master 1 WS Write
When Enabled, writes to the AGP are executed with one-wait states.

AGP Master 1 WS Read
When Enabled, reads to the AGP are executed with one-wait states.

CPU & PCI Bus Control

When you select this field the screen on **page 35** will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software CPU & PCI Bus Control		
PCI1 Master 0 WS Write	[Enabled]	**Item Help**
PCI2 Master 0 WS Write	[Enabled]	**Menu Level ▶ ▶**
PCI1 Post Write	[Enabled]	
PCI2 Post Write	[Enabled]	
PCI Delay Transaction	[Disabled]	

PCI1/PCI2 Master 0 WS Write
When enabled, writes to the PCI 1/PCI 2 bus are executed with zero wait states.

PCI1/PCI2 Post Write
You can Enable or Disable the chipset's ability to use a buffer for posted writes initiated on the PCI 1/PCI 2 bus.

PCI Delay Transaction
The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1.

Memory Hole

You can reserve this area of system memory for ISA adapter ROM. When this area is reserved, it cannot be cached. The user information of peripherals that need to use this area of system memory usually discusses their memory requirements.

System BIOS Cacheable

Selecting "Enabled" allows caching of the system BIOS ROM. This results system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may occur.

Video RAM Cacheable

Select Enabled allows caching of the video RAM, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may occur.

3.6. Integrated Peripherals

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software Integrated Peripherals		
▶ VIA OnChip IDE Device	[Press Enter]	**Item Help**
▶ VIA OnChip PCI Device	[Press Enter]	**Menu Level ▶**
▶ SuperIO Device	[Press Enter]	
Init Display First	[PCI Slot]	
OnChip USB Controller	[All Enabled]	
USB Keyboard Support	[Disabled]	
IDE HDD Block Mode	[Enabled]	

PC BIOS

VIA OnChip IDE Device

When you press enter the following screen will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software VIA OnChip IDE Device		
OnChip IDE Channel0	[Enabled]	Item Help
OnChip IDE Channel1	[Enabled]	
IDE Prefetch Mode	[Enabled]	Menu Level ▸
Primary Master PIO	[Auto]	
Primary Slave PIO	[Auto]	
Secondary MasterPIO	[Auto]	
Secondary Slave PIO	[Auto]	
Primary Master UDMA	[Auto]	
Primary Slave UDMA	[Auto]	
Secondary MasterUDMA	[Auto]	
Secondary Slave UDMA	[Auto]	

OnChip IDE Channel 0/1
The chipset contains a PCI IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. To activate the primary IDE interface select Enabled. If you want to disable the onboard IDE 1 and/ or 2, then select Disabled and this interface will be deactivated.

IDE Prefetch Mode
The onboard IDE drive interfaces supports IDE pre-fetching for faster drive access. If you install a primary and/or secondary add-in IDE interface which does not support pre-fetching set this field to Disabled.

Primary/Secondary, Master/Slave PIO
The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

Primary/Secondary, Master/Slave UDMA
Ultra DMA/66 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 98 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA/66, select Auto to enable BIOS support.

VIA OnChip PCI Device

When you select this field the screen on **page 37** will appear:

PC BIOS

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software VIA OnChip PCI Device		
VIA-3058 AC97 Audio	[Auto]	Item Help
VIA-3068 MC97 Modem	[Auto]	Menu Level ▶ ▶

VIA-3058 AC97 Audio
If you want to enable the on-chip audio capabilities of your system you need use the default setting "Auto". If you install an add on sound card you must disable this field.

VIA-3068 MC97 Modem
This chipset can support MC97 Modem. This field allows you to decide whether you want this support or not. If you select "Auto" the BIOS will automatically detect the AC97. If you select "Disabled" the Bios will not detect any support for the AC97 audio/modem.

SuperIO Device

When you press enter the following menu is shown:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software SuperIO Device		
Onboard FDC Controller	[Enabled]	Item Help
Onboard Serial Port 1	[3F8/IRQ4]	
Onboard Serial Port 2	[2F8/IRQ3]	
UART Mode Select	[Normal]	Menu Level ▶ ▶
X RxD, TxD Active	Hi, Lo	
X IR Transmission Delay	Enabled	
X UR2 Duplex Mode	Half	
X Use IR Pins	IR-Rx2Tx2	
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]	
Parallel Port Mode	[SPP]	
X EPP Mode Select	EPP1.7	
X ECP Mode Use DMA	3	
Game Port Address	[201]	
Midi Port Address	[330]	
Midi Port IRQ	[10]	

Onboard FDC Controller
Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the system board and you want to use it. If you install an add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field.

Onboard Serial Port 1/Port 2
These two selection fields allow you to select the I/O address and corresponding interrupts for the first and second serial ports.

UART Mode Select
Your system may offer a variety of infrared modes on the second serial port. The options are Standard, HPSIR or ASKIR.

RxD, TxD Active
This field allows you to set the IR reception/transmission polarity as high or low. To determine which polarity is appropriate you must refer to the documentation for your IR peripheral.

This field is usually found under the Onboard Serial Port 2 option. If you disable the Onboard Serial Port 2 option then you will probably not be able to configure this field.

IR Transmission Delay
This field allows you to "Enable" or "Disable" the IR Transmission Delay.

UR2 Duplex Mode
This field appears in an infrared port mode. You have two options: half or full duplex function. The full duplex mode allows bi-directional transmission at a single time where as the half duplex mode only allows transmission in one direction at a time. This setting depends on the nature of your IR peripheral device. Check the IR device's manual to determine the appropriate setting.

Use IR Pins
To determine the correct settings for the TxD and RxD signals of your IR peripheral component, you need to consult the components manual.

Onboard Parallel Port
This item allows you to determine the I/O address and the IRQ for the onboard parallel port. The default settings are adequate and should not give you any problems. If they do you can try to change them.

Onboard Parallel Mode
This field allows you to select an operating mode for the onboard parallel (printer) port. Select Normal, Compatible, or SPP unless you are certain your hardware and software both support one of the other available modes.

EPP Mode Select
This field allows you to choose the EPP version you want to use. We recommend that you use EPP 1.9 for the best performance but if you do you may have some connection problems so try setting it to EPP 1.7.

ECP Mode Use DMA
This item allows you to select a DMA channel for the parallel port for use during ECP.

Game Port Address
This field allows you to select the I/O address for the onboard game port. The default is 201.

Midi Port Address
This field allows you to select the I/O address for the onboard MIDI port. The default is 330.

MIDI Port IRQ
This field allows you to select the IRQ for the onboard MIDI port. The default is 10.

Init Display First

This field allows a user, with two graphics cards installed on his system, to select which graphics card will be activated first: either the PCI graphics card or the AGP graphics card. If you have only installed one graphics card the BIOS will automatically detect it and you do not need to set this field.

OnChip USB Controller

This field allows you to enable or disable the onboard USB controller.

USB Keyboard Support

This field should only be enabled if you are using a USB keyboard. If you are not using this kind of keyboard you should disable it.

IDE HDD Block Mode

Block mode is also known as block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read/write. If your IDE hard drive supports block mode select "Enabled" for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support.

3.7. Power Management Setup

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software		
Power Management Setup		
ACPI Function	[Enabled]	Item Help
ACPI Suspend Type	[S1(POS)]	
Power Management Option	[User Define]	Menu Level ▶
HDD Power Down	[Disable]	
Suspend Mode	[Disable]	
Video Off Option	[Suspend -> Off]	
Video Off Method	[Blank Screen]	
MODEM Use IRQ	[3]	
Soft-Off by PWRBTN	[Instant-Off]	
▶ IRQ/Event Activity Detect	[Press Enter]	

ACPI function

This item allows you to enable/disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI).

ACPI Suspend Type

This field allows you to select the mode of the suspended state. You have two options: **S1(POS)**: Power On Suspend or **S3(STR):** Suspend to Ram.

Power Management

This category allows you to select the degree of power saving. The choices are shown below.

Disable	No power management. Disable all power saving modes.
Min. Power Saving	Minimum power management. Doze Mode = 1 hr. Standby Mode = 1 hr., Suspend Mode = 1 hr., and HDD Power Down =
Max. Power Saving	Maximum power management -- **ONLY AVAILABLE FOR SL CPU**. Doze Mode = 1 min., Standby Mode = 1 min., Suspend Mode = 1 min., and HDD Power Down = 1 min.
User Defined	Allows you to set each mode individually. When not disabled, each of the ranges are from 1 min. to 1 hr. except for HDD Power Down which ranges from 1 min. to 15 min. and disable.

HDD Power Down

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active.

Suspend Mode

When enabled, after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off.

Video Off Option

When enabled, this feature allows the VGA adapter to operate in a power saving mode.

Always On	Monitor will remain on during power saving modes.
Suspend --> Off	Monitor blanked when the systems enters the Suspend mode.
All Modes --> Off	Monitor blanked when the system enters any power saving mode.

Video Off Method

This determines the manner in which the monitor goes blank.

V/H SYNC+Blank	This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.
Blank Screen	This option only writes blanks to the video buffer.
DPMS Support	Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards to select video power management values.

MODEM Use IRQ

This determines the IRQ which the MODEM can use for power saving purposes. This mainboard has the ACPI feature designed on the board and it will "wakeup" automatically when it detects an incoming modem Ring-in signal. Before you can use the Ring-in signal to wakeup your PC system, you have to install the "External" modem to your PC system and tell the PC system which serial port connects to the modem by selecting the IRQ in this field, (officially, COM 1 uses IRQ4, and COM 2 uses IRQ3)

Soft-Off by PWRBTN

Pressing the power button for more than 4 seconds forces the system to enter the Soft-Off state when the system has "hung".

IRQ/Event Activity Detect
When press the "Enter" key on this selection field, the menu on page 31 will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software IRQ/Event Activity Detect		
VGA	[OFF]	Item Help
LPT & COM	[LPT/COM]	
HDD & FDD	[ON]	
PCI Master	[OFF]	
PowerOn by PCI Card	[Disabled]	Menu Level ▶ ▶
Modem Ring Resume	[Disabled]	
RTC Alarm Resume	[Disabled]	
X Date (of Month)	0	
X Resume Time (hh:mm:ss)	0 : 0 : 0	
▶ IRQs Activity Monitoring	[Press Enter]	

VGA
When you enable this option, any VGA signal will wake up the system.

LPT & COM
When this field is "ON" any activity from these devices, or their IRQ's will wake up the system.

HDD & FDD
When this field is "ON" any activity from the HDD or the FDD will wake up the system.

PCI Master
When you enable the PCI Master mode, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices wakes up the system.

Power On by PCI Card
The system can be woken up by the PME# on the PCI card.

Modem Ring Resume (**optional for 366X-AC and 366X-AS**)
An input signal from the modem/LAN will wake up the system from a soft off state.

RTC Alarm Resume
When enabled, you can use the following two fields to select the time and date to wake up the PC system from power saving mode.

Date (of Month)/Resume Time (hh:mm:ss)
When RTC Alarm Resume is enabled, your can set the date and time at which the RTC (real-time clock) alarm awakens the system from Suspend mode.

IRQs Activity Monitoring
The following is a list of IRQ's, **I**nterrupt **R**e**Q**uests, which can be exempted much as the COM ports and LPT ports above can. When an I/O device wants to gain the attention of the operating system, it signals this by causing an IRQ to occur. When the operating system is ready to respond to the request, it interrupts itself and performs the service.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software IRQs Activity Monitoring		
Primary INTR **[ON]**	**Item Help**	
IRQ3 (COM 2) [Enabled]	**Menu Level ▶▶▶**	
IRQ4 (COM 1) [Enabled]		
IRQ5 (LPT 2) [Enabled]		
IRQ6 (Floppy Disk) [Enabled]		
IRQ7 (LPT 1) [Enabled]		
IRQ8 (RTC Alarm) [Disabled]		
IRQ9 (IRQ2 Redir) [Disabled]		
IRQ10 (Reserved) [Disabled]		
IRQ11 (Reserved) [Disabled]		
IRQ12 (PS/2 Mouse) [Enabled]		
IRQ13 (Coprocessor) [Enabled]		
IRQ14 (Hard Disk) [Enabled]		
IRQ15 (Reserved) [Disabled]		

Note: When set On, activity will neither prevent the system from going into a power management mode nor awaken it.

3.8. PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software	
PNP OS Installed [No] Reset Configuration Data [Disabled] Resources Controlled By [Auto(ESCD)] × IRQ Resources [Press Enter] PCI/VGA Palette Snoop [Disabled] Assign IRQ For VGA [Enabled] Assign IRQ For USB [Enabled]	**Item Help** **Menu Level ➤** Select Yes if you are using a Plug and Play capable operating system. Select No if you need the BIOS to configure non-boot devices.

PNP OS Installed

This item allows you to determine if a PnP OS is installed or not.

Reset Configuration Data

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. If you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot then select Enabled. Selecting Enabled will reset the Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD).

Resources controlled By

Award Plug and Play BIOS has the capacity to automatically configure all of the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. However, this capability means absolutely nothing unless you are using a Plug and Play operating system such as Windows 98.

IRQ Resources

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt a type, depending on the type of device using the interrupt

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

Leave this field at *Disabled* all the time

PC BIOS

Assign IRQ For VGA/USB

A system's IRQs are limited. Sometimes you may need to use more IRQ signals for your add-on cards. BIOS allows you to disable the IRQ which is supposed to be connected to the VGA and USB ports. If you choose to disable the IRQ on the VGA or USB port, the IRQ will be released and becomes available for other devices. Please make sure that you have a USB or VGA adapter that does not need an IRQ before you select Disabled.

3.9. PC Health Status (Only available for 366X-AS and 366X-AD)

The PC Health Status menu allows you to monitor the health status of your PC system . You can select a field of interest and monitor it's status .

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software		
CPU Warning Temperature	[Disabled]	**Item Help**
Current CPU1 Temperature	$55^{\circ}C/131^{\circ}F$	
Current CPU FAN Speed	4821 RPM	**Menu Level ➢**
Current CHASSIS FAN Speed	0 RPM	
Vcore (V)	1.74 V	
Vcc3 (V)	3.10 V	
+ 5 V	4.75 V	
+ 12 V	12.09 V	
- 12 V	-12.11 V	
VBAT (V)	2.99 V	
5VSB (V)	5.26 V	
Shutdown Temperature	[Disabled]	

CPU Warning Temperature

This field allows you to select an operating temperature range for your CPU. If the CPU temperature moves out of this range, any warning mechanism you have programmed into your system will be activated.

Current CPU1 Temp.

This field shows the current temperature for CPU 1.

Current CPU FAN Speed

This field shows you the present CPU Cooling FAN1 speed.

Current Chassis FAN Speed

This field shows you the present CPU Cooling FAN2 speed.

Vcore

This field and the files below show you the current system voltage

Shutdown Temperature

When the system reaches a certain maximum temperature the system will automatically shutdown.

3.10. Frequency/Voltage Control

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software		
CPU Vcore Select	[Default]	Item Help
Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk	[Enabled]	Menu Level ➤
Spread Spectrum	[Disabled]	
CPU Clock	[100 MHz]	

CPU Vcore Select (optional for 366X-AC)

If you want to over-clock your CPU you need to adjust the core voltage. When you press enter a menu with a range of voltage selections will appear. Before you change the voltage, please refer to the previous menu **PC Health Status** (section 3.9) to check what the Vcore Voltage is for your CPU. If this field is made too high or too low it will cause damage to your CPU. If you have set this voltage too low you may not be able to start your PC. To overcome this problem use the **Ins** Key.

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk

When "Enabled" is selected, the mainboard will detect the presence of devices on DIMM and PCI slots. When there is no device present on some of the PCI or DIMM connectors, the clock on the related DIMM and PCI slot will be disabled to reduce the Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI).

Spread Spectrum

When Spread Spectrum is enabled, the EMI radiation on this mainboard will be reduced.

Clock By Slight Adjust

You can use this field to adjust the front side system bus clock speed of the CPU. The clock frequency can be incremented by +/- 1MHz. This allows you to fin-tune the system performance of your PC.

PC BIOS

3.11. Load Optimized Defaults

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright（C）1984 - 2001 Award Software	
▸ Standard CMOS Features"	▸ Frequency/Voltage Control
▸ Advanced BIOS Features	Load Optimized Defaults
▸ Advanced Chipset Features	Set Supervisor Password
▸ Integrated Peripherals	Set User Password
▸ Power Management Setup	Save & Exit Setup
▸ PNP/PCI Configuration	Exit Without Saving
▸ PC Health Status	
ESC : Quit ←↑↓→ : Select Item	
F10 : Save & Exit Setup	
Load Optimized Defaults	

There is CMOS memory on the mainboard that can be used to store the system settings. If you don't know how to use the Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility to select the settings, you may use this field to load the optimized defaults which are defined in the system BIOS. **Our engineer recommends the Optimized Defaults.** If this option is selected it will give a series of parameters that will ensure the reliability and performance of your PC.

If you lose your CMOS data or you don't know how to complete the setup procedure, you may use this option to load the Optimized default values from the BIOS default table.

If the CMOS data is corrupted, or if you selected some CMOS settings and find that the PC system becomes very unstable, you should try to load the optimized default values first and then re-configure the BIOS.

3.12. SET SUPERVISOR PASSWORD

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright（C）1984 - 2001 Award Software	
▸ Standard CMOS Features"	▸ Frequency/Voltage Control
▸ Advanced BIOS Features	Load Optimized Defaults
▸ Advanced Chipset Features	Set Supervisor Password
▸ Integrated Peripherals	Set User Password
▸ Power Management Setup	Save & Exit Setup
▸ PNP/PCI Configuration	Exit Without Saving
▸ PC Health Status	
ESC : Quit ←↑↓→ : Select Item	
F10 : Save & Exit Setup	
Load Optimized Defaults	

The "SUPERVISOR PASSWORD" is for you to control unauthorized access to your BIOS CMOS Setup or Booting into the your PC system. The Supervisor Password option is used together with the Security Option in section 4.5.

When "Setup" is selected in the Security Option:
If you want to change any BIOS setting, you will have to key-in the Supervisor Password so that you can start the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility and change the system setting.

When "System" is selected in Security Option:
Whenever you turn on the PC, it will request the user to enter the Password in order to boot up your system. Without the correct password, the PC system will stop and the operating system will not be loaded.

3.13. SET USER PASSWORD

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984 - 2001 Award Software	
▶ **Standard CMOS Features"**	▶ **Frequency/Voltage Control**
▶ **Advanced BIOS Features**	**Load Optimized Defaults**
▶ **Advanced Chipset Features**	**Set Supervisor Password**
▶ **Integrated Peripherals**	**Set User Password**
▶ **Power Management Setup**	**Save & Exit Setup**
▶ **PNP/PCI Configuration**	**Exit Without Saving**
▶ **PC Health Status**	
ESC : Quit ←↑↓→ : Select Item F10 : Save & Exit Setup	
Set User Password	

The User Password can be used to check the user's authority. However, this password entry is different from the "SUPERVISOR PASSWORD". The User Password has a different function to the "Supervisor Password" and the "Security Option" setup in Section 4.5:

A. When there is the password stored in the "SUPERVISOR PASSWORD"

1. When "Setup" is selected in the Security Option:
When you use the "User Password" to log into the BIOS setup program, you can only view the BIOS settings, but you cannot change any settings. The only setting you can change is the "User Password" and you can also select "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" and "EXIT WITHOUT SAVING" from the main menu. (If you use the Supervisor Password to log into the PC system, you will have the complete rights to all the BIOS settings.

2. When "System" is selected in Security Option:
When you turn on the PC system, it will request that you enter the Password. Without the correct password, the PC system will stop and the operating system won't be loaded.

B. When there is no password stored in the "SUPERVISOR PASSWORD"

1. When "Setup" is selected in Security Option:
Users can use the "User Password" to log into the BIOS setup program, and they can change any of the BIOS settings.

2. When "System" is selected in Security Option:
When you turn on your PC, you will be requested to enter the Password. Without the correct password, the PC system will stop and the operation system will not be loaded.

3.14. SAVE & EXIT SETUP / EXIT WITHOUT SAVING

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright（C）1984 - 2001 Award Software	
▶ **Standard CMOS Features"**	▶ **Frequency/Voltage Control**
▶ **Advanced BIOS Features**	**Load Optimized Defaults**
▶ **Advanced Chipset Features**	**Set Supervisor Password**
▶ **Integrated Peripherals**	**Set User Password**
▶ **Power Management Setup**	**Save & Exit Setup**
▶ **PNP/PCI Configuration**	**Exit Without Saving**
▶ **PC Health Status**	
ESC : Quit ← ↑ ↓ → : Select Item **F10 : Save & Exit Setup**	
Save Data to CMOS	

Save & Exit Setup

This option will save all the setup values to CMOS RAM and exit the SETUP utility. Move the selection bar to "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" and press the "Enter" key, then type "Y" and press the "Enter" key again. The values you have entered will be saved and all the information stored in the CMOS memory.

Exit Without Saving

This option will exits the setup utility without saving any of the values you changed in the CMOS RAM. If you do not want to save any of the changes, or settings you selected in the BIOS SETUP utility, move the selection bar to the "EXIT WITHOUT SAVING" option. Press the "Enter" key. Then press "Y"