

# **Electronic Emission Notices**

#### Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with instructions contained in this manual, may cause harmful interference to radio and television communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- REORIENT OR RELOCATE THE RECEIVING ANTENNA
- INCREASE THE SEPARATION BETWEEN THE EQUIPMENT AND THE RECEIVER
- CONNECT THE EQUIPMENT INTO AN OUTLET ON A CIRCUIT DIFFERENT FROM THAT OF THE RECEIVER
- CONSULT THE DEALER OR AN EXPERIENCED AUDIO/TELEVISION TECHNICIAN

**NOTE:** Connecting this device to peripheral devices that do not comply with Class B requirements, or using an unshielded peripheral data cable, could also result in harmful interference to radio or television reception.

The user is cautioned that any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

To ensure that the use of this product does not contribute to interference, it is necessary to use shielded I/O cables.

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# HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

The Pentium® II motherboard is based on the Intel® 82440LX Chipset. The chipset is a highly integrated solution for a cost-effective and compact motherboard. The motherboard supports 3.3V EDO and SDRAM. Features on-board include super-I/O, Ultra DMA33, PCI bus master IDE, AGP Ver 1.0, PCI Ver 2.1 compliant, USB, VRM 8.1 compliant, ECC, LM79/75 System monitoring (optional).

### **Key Features**

#### **Processor**

- Full support for the Intel® Pentium II processors using Slot 1connector.
- Supports 60 and 66MHz bus speed including all Pentium® II processors operating from 200MHz to 333MHz.

#### VRM (Voltage Regulator Modules) on Board

 Flexible motherboard design with on-board VRM 8.1, easy to upgrade with Intel's future overdrive processors.

#### Cache

Processor built-in L2 cache (Tag RAM and 2 or 4 BSRAMs for 256KB or 512K).

#### **System Memory**

- Up to 384MB (SDRAM) or 768MB (EDO).
- A total of three 168-pin DIMM sockets(3.3V EDO/Synchronous DRAM).
- Supports 3.3V Extended Data Output (EDO) DRAM at 50 and 60ns speed and Synchronous DRAM up to 66MHz.
- The board has DIMM sockets arranged as banks 0, 1 and 2. You can install DIMMs in any of the three banks, and use different size DIMMs in different banks. The BIOS detects the size and type of installed memory.

### **Memory Organization**

### Three 168-pin DIMM Sockets

- Supports single-density DIMMs of 1MB, 2MB, 4MB, 8MB and 16MB depth (x64 or 72).
- Supports double-density DIMMs of 2MB, 4MB, 8MB, 16MB and 32MB depth (x64 or 72).
- Supports Error Checking Correction (ECC) using parity DRAM modules.
- Banks of different DRAM types depths can be mixed.

#### On-Board I/O

- Two PCI fast IDE ports supporting up to 4 ATA2, Ultra DMA 33 IDE devices.
- Supports Bus Master IDE, PIO mode 4 (up to 22M bytes/sec) and Ultra DMA 33 (up to 33M bytes/sec) transfer.
- One ECP/EPP parallel port (via a header).
- Two 16550-compatible UART serial ports (via a header).
- One floppy port supporting two FDDs of 360KB, 720KB, 1.2MB, 1.44MB and 2.88MB formated capacity.
- Two USB ports (via a header).
- PS/2 keyboard port (factory option for PS/2 Type).
- PS/2 mouse port (via a header).
- Infrared (IrDA) support (via a header).

#### System BIOS

- 1MB or 2MB flash BIOS supporting PnP, APM, ATAPI, ACPI and Windows® 95.
- Jumper selection for 5V or 12V flash memory voltage.
- Auto detects and supports LBA hard disks with formatted capacities over 8.4GB.
- Easily upgradable by end-user.

#### Plug-and-Play

- Supports plug-and-play specification 1.1.
- Plug-and-play for DOS, Windows® 3.X as well as Windows® 95.
- Fully steerable PCI interrupts.

### **Power Management**

- Supports SMM, APM and ACPI.
- Break switch for instant suspend/resume on system operation.
- · Energy star "Green PC" compliant.
- Supports ATX power supply by optional transfer wire.
- Supports WAKE-ON-LAN (WOL).

### **Expansion Slots**

- 1AGP slot (Ver. 1.0, 1 x / 2 x mode supported).
- 4 PCI bus master slots (Rev. 2.1 compliant, with 1 PCI slot sharing with 1 ISA slot).
- 3 ISA slots (1 ISA slot sharing with 1 PCI slot).

#### **PC97**

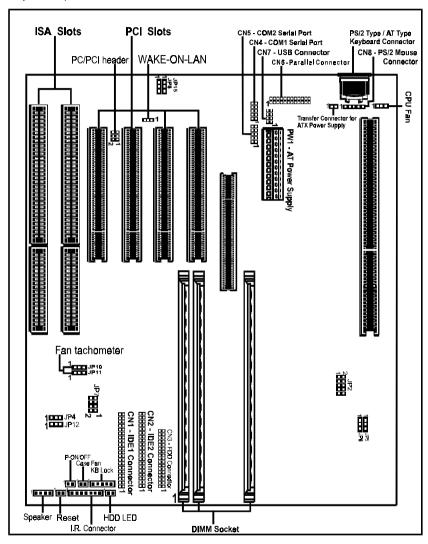
PC97 ready.

### System Monitoring

 LM79/75 hardware monitoring Circuitry is supported, provides voltages, temperatued, fan speeds, etc. monitoring.

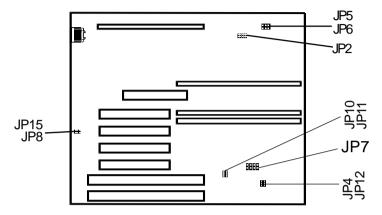
# Motherboard Layout (Model Code No. - 35880102)

The following diagrams show the relative positions of the jumpers, connectors, major components and banks on the motherboard.



### **Jumper Settings**

This chapter explains how to configure the motherboard's hardware. Before using your computer, make sure all jumpers and DRAM modules are set correctly. Refer to this chapter whenever in doubt.



JP5, JP6, JP7 - CPU Type Selection

CPU Type and Speed	JP5 JP6	JP7
Pentium II - 200MHz	1	1 2
Pentium II - 233MHz	1	1 2
Pentium II - 266MHz	1	<b>1</b> 2
Pentium II - 300MHz	1	
Pentium II - 333MHz	1	1 2

# JP2 - AUTO CPU Core-Voltage Selection (All open)

### JP4 - CMOS Clear

JP4	Selection
2-3	CMOS Clear
1-2	Normal (default)

### JP8, JP15 - PNP BIOS Program Voltage

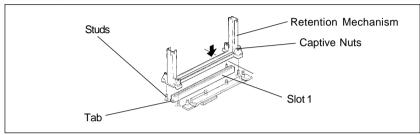
JP8&JP15 are pre-installed in the factory. They should NOT be altered by the users.

### Instalation

### Installing the Retention Mechanism

To install the retention mechanism, follow these steps:

- 1. Locate Slot 1 and the four attachment studs on the motherboard.
- To position the mechanism, orient it as shown in figure. The tab on the connector fits into a notch in the base of the mechanism. When properly seated, the base of the mechanism is flush with the motherboard.

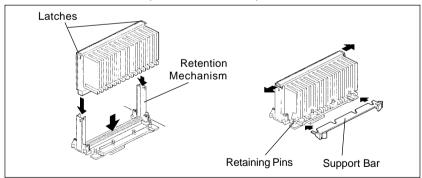


- Finger tighten all four captive nuts to make sure they start correctly on the threads of the attachment studs.
- 4. To secure the mechanism, tighten the captive nuts.

### Installing the Processor

To install the processor, follow these steps:

- 1. Insert the processor in the retention mechanism.
- Press down on the processor until it is firmly seated in the Slot 1 connector and the latches on the processor lock into place.



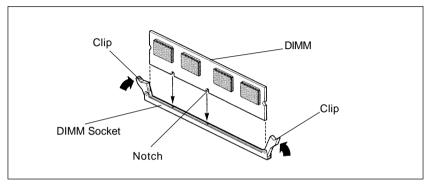
Slide the top heatsink support bar onto the retaining pins of the support's base as shown in figure.

### Setting the Processor Speed

After you install the processor and install the motherboard, set the processor speed by jumpers. Change any jumper settings as detailed in the manual.

#### Installing the DIMMs

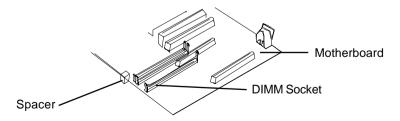
- 1. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer.
- 2. Remove the computer cover and locate the DIMM sockets.
- 3. Holding the DIMM by the edges, remove it from its antistatic package.
- Make sure the clips at either end of the socket are pushed away from the socket.



- Position the DIMM above the socket. Align the two small notches in the bottom edge of the DIMM with the keys in the socket.
- 6. Insert the bottom edge of the DIMM into the socket.
- 7. When the DIMM is seated, push down on the top edge of the DIMM until the retaining clips at the ends of the socket snap into place. Make sure the clips are firmly in place.
- 8. Replace the computer cover.
- If you installed a DIMM with ECC memory, start the computer and use the ECC Configuration feature in Setup to enable the use of ECC.

### Installing the Spacer

When installing the motherboard remember to insert the SPACER at the corner near the DIMM sockets to provide better support for future DRAM modules.



#### **BIOS SETUP**

This chapter discusses Setup Program built into the ROM BIOS. The Setup Program allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This special information is then stored in battery-backed RAM, which retains the setup information when the power is turned off.

# **Starting Setup**

The BIOS is immediately activated when you turn on the computer. The BIOS reads the system information contained in the CMOS and begins the process of checking out the system and configuring it. When it finishes, the BIOS will seek an operating system on one of the disks and then launch and turn control over to the operating system .

While the BIOS is in control, the Setup Program can be activated:

- 1. By pressing <Del> immediately after switching the system on, or
- 2. By pressing the <Del> key when the following message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the POST (Power On Self Test)

#### Hit <DEL> if you want to run SETUP

If the message disappears before you can respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the "RESET" button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing the <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not reset, an error message will be displayed and you will again be asked to ...

#### PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE

#### In Case of Problems

If, after making and saving system changes with the Setup Program, you discover that your computer does not reset, use the BIOS defaults to override the CMOS settings.

### Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from various setup functions and two exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept and enter the sub-menu.

# AMIBIOS HIFLEX SETUP UTILITY VERSION 1.16 (C)1996 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

Standard CMOS Setup
Advanced CMOS Setup
Advanced Chipset Setup
Power Management Setup
PCI / Plug and Play Setup
Peripheral Setup
CPU Configuration Setup
Auto-Detect Hard Disks
Change User Password
Change Supervisor Password
Change Supervisor Password
Change Language Setting
Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings
Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings
Save Settings and Exit
Exit Without Saving

Standard CMOS setup for changing time, date, hard disk type, etc. ESC:Exit ★↓:Sel F2/F3:Color F10:Save & Exit

(Note: The figures of BIOS Setup Menu included here only show a typical case, and may not be exactly the same as the one on your unit.)

Note that a brief description of each highlighted item will appear at the bottom of the screen.

**Standard CMOS Setup** For Changing time, date, hard disk type, etc.

Advanced CMOS Setup For Configuring system options.

Advanced Chipset Setup For Configuring chipset features.

Power Management Setup For Configuring Power Management features.

**PCI/Plug and Play Setup** For Configuring PCI/Plug&Play features.

**Peripheral Setup** For Configuring peripheral features.

**CPU configuration Setup** For Configuring CPU configuration features.

**Auto-Detect Hard Disks** For auto-detecting all hard disk parameters.

Change User/Supervisor

**Password** 

Changes, sets, or disables password. It allows you to

limit access to the system and Setup Program.

Auto Configuration with Optional Settings

Load Configuration settings giving the highest performance.

Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings

Load fail safe Configuration settings.

**Save Settings and Exit** Writes the Current settings to COMS and exits.

**Exit Without Setting** Exits without saving the current settings.

## Standard CMOS Setup

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into 10 categories. Each category includes, one or more setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> key to select the desired value in each item.

# AMIBIOS SETUP - STANDARD CMOS SETUP (C)1996 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

 Date (mm/dd/yyyy): Mon Oct 27, 1997
 Base Memory: 0 KB

 Time (hh/mm/ss): 15:45:00
 Extd Memory: 0 MB

Floppy Drive A: 1.44 MB 3 ½ Floppy Drive B: Not Installed

LBA Blk PIO 32Bit Type Size Cyln Head WPcom Sec Mode Mode Mode Mode

Pri Master: AutoOnPri Slave: AutoOnSec Master: AutoOnSec Slave: AutoOn

Boot Sector Virus Protection Disabled

 Month: Jan - Dec
 ESC:Exit
 ↑ :Sel

 Day: 01 - 31
 PgUp/PgDn:Modify

 Year: 1901 - 2099
 F2/F3:Color

(Note: The figures of BIOS Setup Menu included here only show a typical case, and may not be exactly the same as the one on your unit.)

**Date** The date format is <day-of-the-week>. <day> <year>.

**Time** The time format is <hour> < Minute> < second> displayed in 24-hour military-

time clock. For example, 1 p. m. is displayed as 13:00:00.

Floppy Drive A: / This category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or

Floppy Drive B: drive B that has been installed in the computer.

Pri Master/ Pri Slave/ Sec Master/ Sec Slave These categories identify the types of the two channels that have been installed in the computer. There are 46 predefined types and four user definable types in BIOS. Type 1 to Type 46 are predefined. Type "user" is user-definable.

Press PgUp or PgDn to select a numbered hard disk type or type he number and press <Enter>. Note that the specification of your drive must match with those of the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if your enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk drive type is not matched or listed, you can select Type "User" to define your own drive type manually.

If you select Type "User", you will need to know the information listed below. Enter the information directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. This information should be included in the documentation from your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

If the controller of the HDD interface is ESDI, the selection shall be

"Type1".

If the controller of the HDD interface is SCSI, the selection shall be "Not Installed".

If you select Type "Auto", the BIOS will auto-detect the HDD and CD-ROM drive at the POST stage and show the IDE for the HDD and CD-ROM drive.

**Type** -Drive type

Cyln -Number of cylinders
Head -Number of heads
WPcom -Write precom
Sec -Number of sectors

LBA Mode -Mode type
BIk Mode -Mode type
PIO Mode -Mode type
32Bit Mode -Mode type

If a hard disk has not been installed, select "Not Installed" and press <Enter> .

Boot Sector Virus Protection

This category determines whether the boot sector virus protection

is enabled or not

# **Advanced CMOS Setup**

This section allows your to configure you system for basic operation. You have the opportunity to select the system's default speed, boot-up sequence, keyboard operation, shadowing and security.

# Advanced Chipset Setup

The Chipset Features Setup option is used to change the values of the chipset registers. These registers control most of the system options in the computer.

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM and the external cache. It must be stated that these items should not be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system.

### **Power Management Setup**

The Power Management Setup Menu allows you to configure you system save most energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use .

# PCI / Plug and Play Setup

The Power Management Setup Menu allows you to configure you system save most energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

# **PNP/PCI Configuration Setup**

This section describes how to configure the PCI bus system. This section covers some very technical items and it is recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

## **Peripheral Setup**

The Peripheral Setup allows the user to configure the onboard IDE controller, floppy disk controller, the printer port and the serial ports.

# Change Supervisor/User Password

You can set either supervisor or user password, or both of then. The differences between are:

**Supervisor Password :** You can enter the Setup Program and change

Supervisor/the User Password.

**User Password :** You can enter the Setup Program but only change

the User Password.

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

#### ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to Six characters in length, and press<Enter>. The new password will clear the previously entered password from the CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and operate without a password.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will be displayed to confirm that the password is disabled.

#### PASSWORD DISABLED.

Once the password is disabled, the system will reset and you can enter the Setup Program freely.

When a password is enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any setting of your system configuration.

In addition, when a password is enabled, you can require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would further prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

The password requirement is defined by the Password Check Option of the Advanced CMOS Setup Menu. If the Password Check Option is set to "Always", the password will be required both at resetting and at entering setup. If the option is set to "Setup", the prompt only appears when you try to enter setup.

## **Hardware Monitor Setup**

The new advanced features LM79 and LM75 monitor can provide critical protection to the system. This hardware monitor is effective to detect the system temperature, system fan, power supply states, and ensure the system is operating under a stable and safe environments.

#### **CPU Configuration Setup**

This "CPU configuration setup" configures the BIOS hardware monitor support.



## **Details of "CPU Configuration Setup"**

- BIOS H/W monitor support (default value is Disabled).
   When "BIOS monitor support" is Enabled, the advanced hardware monitor function will be active.
- H/W Monitor Information display (default value is Disabled).
  - This value is Enabled, the system information will be displayed at POWER ON and SOFT RESET. The system information includes system and CPU temperature, fan speeds, and system voltages.
- Suspend if Temp. Exceeds (default value is Disabled).
  - Enable this function to provide System and CPU critical protection (SCCP). When system or CPU overheats at any environment, the SCCP system will alert user by "beep" sound and deactivate the computer to suspend. To resume the system to normal operation, press power button one time (for ATX power supply) or just waiting for the automatic resume. SCCP will monitor the system temperature every minute to check whether it drops to the safe level or not.

# Flash Update Procedure

A program AMIFLASH.COM is included in the utility diskette. The user is recommended to follow the procedure below to update the flash BIOS.

- Create a DOS-bootable floppy diskette. Copy the new BIOS file (just obtained or downloaded) and the utility program AMIFLASH.COM to the diskette.
- 2. Allow the PC system to boot from the DOS diskette.
- 3. At the DOS prompt, key in

#### AMIFLASH.COM

and hit <ENTER>

4. The question: "Save Existing BIOS?" is displayed.

Key in "N" if there is no need to save the existing BIOS content...

Key in "Y" if a backup copy of the existing BIOS is needed.

(A file name has to be assigned to the existing BIOS binary file.)

- 5. Enter the file name of the new BIOS. (e.g.: PPLX0xxx.ROM)
- 6. The program utility will automatically update BIOS and restart computer.